

2DM556 Digital Stepper Drive

Manual



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Thanks for selecting JMC stepper motor driver. We hope that the superior performance, outstanding quality, excellent cost performance of our product can help you accomplish your motion control project.

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1. Overview

The 2DM556 is a two phase digital stepper driver based on DSP. Its Micro step resolutions and output current are programmable. And it has advanced control algorithm, which can brings a unique level of system smoothness, provides optimum torque and mid-range instability. The control algorithm of Multi-Stepping can make stepper motor has smooth system performance. The control algorithm of torque compensation can improve the torque of motor in the high speed. The control algorithm of motor self-test and parameter auto-setup technology offers optimum responses with different motors and easy-to-use. The control algorithm of smoothness can enhance the acceleration and deceleration of motor. Its unique features make the 2DM556 to be an ideal solution for applications.

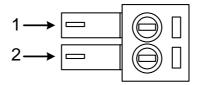
2. Features

- ◆ Parameter auto-setup and motor self-test
- Multi-Stepping inside
- ◆ Small noise, low heating, smooth movement
- ◆ Torque compensation in high speed
- ◆ Variable current control technology, High current efficiency
- ◆ Accelerate and decelerate control inside, Great improvement in smoothness of starting or stopping the motor

- ◆ Support PUL/DIR and CW/CCW modes
- ◆ Storage the position of motor
- Optically isolated input and compatible with 5V or 24V
- ◆ User-defined micro steps
- ◆ Micro-step resolutions and Output current programmable
- Over current, over voltage and low voltage protection
- Green light means running while red light means protection or off line

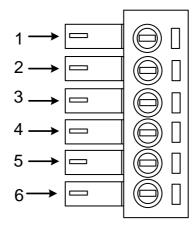
3. Ports Introduction

3.1 ALM signal output ports



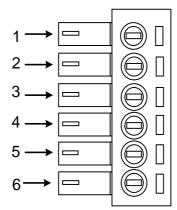
Port	Symbol	Name	Remark
1	ALM+	Alarm output +	
2	ALM-	Alarm output -	<u></u> ★ ★

3.2 Control Signal Input Ports



Port	Symbol	Name	Remark
1	PLS+	Pulse signal +	Compatible with
2	PLS-	Pulse signal -	5V or 24V
3	DIR+	Direction signal+	Compatible with
4	DIR-	Direction signal-	5V or 24V
5	ENA+	Enable signal +	Compatible with
6	ENA-	Enable signal-	5V or 24V

3.3 Power Interface Ports



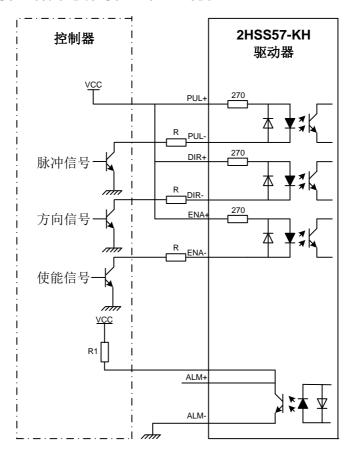
1	Power Input	GND	Input Power-	DC24V-60V	
2	Ports	VCC	Input Power +	DC24V-00V	
3		A+	Phase A+	M DI A	
4	Motor Phase	A-	Phase A-	Motor Phase A	
5	Wire Input Ports	B+	Phase B+	M-4-:: Dl D	
6		В-	Phase B-	Motor Phase B	

4. Technological Index

Input Voltage		DC24V-60V	
Pulse Frequ	uency max	200K	
Communic	cation rate	57.6Kbps	
Over volt	age value	80V	
Overall Dimen	sions (mm)	118×75.5×34	
Wei	ght	Approximate 260g	
	Environment	Avoid dust, oil fog and corrosive gases	
	Operating	+70°C Max	
Environment	Temperature	+70 C Iviax	
	Storage	-20°C~+80°C	
Specifications	Temperature	-20 C~+80 C	
	Humidity	40~90%RH	
	Cooling	Notived applies or forced air applies	
	method	Natural cooling or forced air cooling	

5. Connections to Control Signal

5.1 Connections to Common Anode

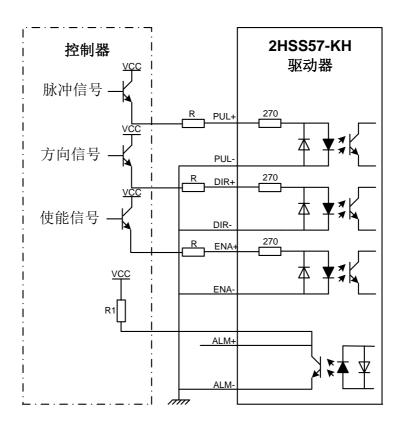


Remark:

VCC is compatible with 5V or 24V;

R(3~5K) must be connected to control signal terminal.

5.2 Connections to Common Cathode

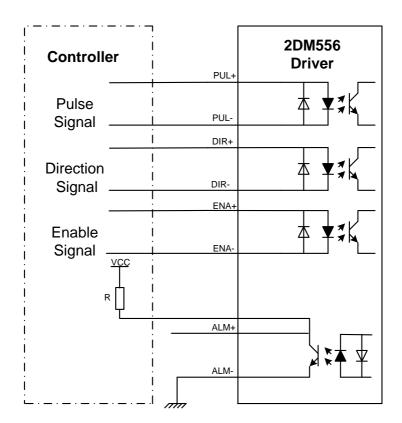


Remark:

VCC is compatible with 5V or 24V;

 $R(3\sim5K)$ must be connected to control signal terminal.

5.3 Connections to Differential Signal

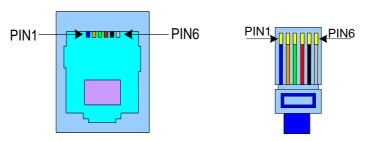


Remark:

VCC is compatible with 5V or 24V;

 $R(3\sim5K)$ must be connected to control signal terminal.

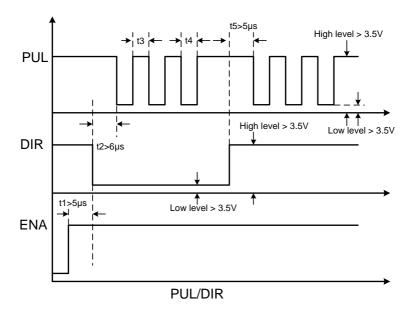
5.4 Connections to 232 Serial Communication Interface



Crystal Head	Definition	Remark	
foot			
1	TXD	Transmit Data	
2	RXD	Receive Data	
4	+5V	Power Supply to HISU	
6	GND	Power Ground	

5.5 Sequence Chart of Control Signals

In order to avoid some fault operations and deviations, PUL, DIR and ENA should abide by some rules, shown as following diagram:



Remark:

- a. t1: ENA must be ahead of DIR by at least 5μ s. Usually, ENA+ and ENA- are NC (not connected).
- b. t2: DIR must be ahead of PUL active edge by 6μ s to ensure correct direction;
- c. t3: Pulse width not less than 2.5μ s;
- d. t4: Low level width not less than 2.5 $\mu\,$ s.

6. DIP Switch Setting

6.1 Current Setting

The current setting is in the following table.

Dial switch				
Current		SW1	SW2	SW3
Peak	RMS			
1.4A	1. 0A	0	0	0
2. 1A	1.5A	1	0	0
2.7A	1.92A	0	1	0
3. 2A	2. 28A	1	1	0
3.8A	2. 71A	0	0	1
4. 3A	3. 07A	1	0	1
4. 9A	3. 5A	0	1	1
5. 6A	4. 0A	1	1	1

6.2 Standstill current Setting

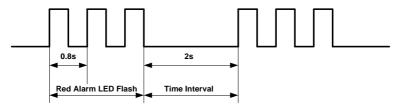
SW4 is used for setting the standstill current, "off" means the standstill current is set to be half of the selected dynamic current or other current, which can be set by the HISU, the details can be seen in the tenth sections. While "on" means the standstill current is set to be the same as the selected dynamic current.

6.3 Micro steps Setting

The micro steps setting is in the following table. And the micro steps can be also setting through the HISU. The details can be seen in the tenth sections.

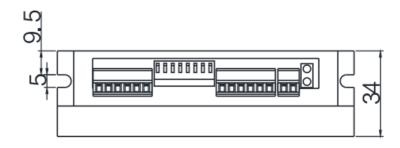
Dial witch	SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8
Micro steps				
400	0	1	1	1
800	1	0	1	1
1600	0	0	1	1
3200	1	1	0	1
6400	0	1	0	1
12800	1	0	0	1
25600	0	0	0	1
1000	1	1	1	0
2000	0	1	1	0
4000	1	0	1	0
5000	0	0	1	0
8000	1	1	0	0
10000	0	1	0	0
20000	1	0	0	0
25000	0	0	0	0

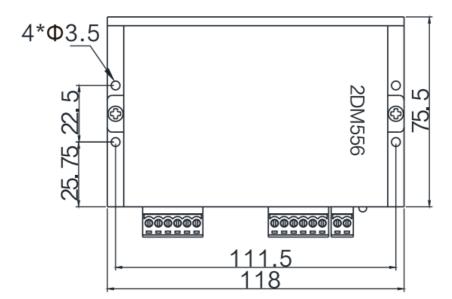
7. Faults alarm and LED flicker frequency



Flicker	Description to the Faults		
Frequency			
1	Error occurs when the motor coil current exceeds		
	the drive's current limit.		
2	Voltage reference error in the drive		
3	Parameters upload error in the drive		
4	Error occurs when the input voltage exceeds the		
	drive's voltage limit.		

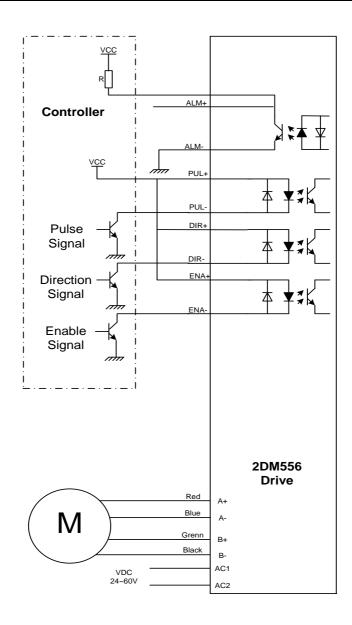
8. Appearance and Installation Dimensions





9. Typical Connection

Here is the typical connection of 2DM556.



10. Parameter Setting

The parameter setting method of 2DM556 drive is to use a HISU adjuster through the 232 serial communication ports, only in this way we can set the parameters we want. There are a set of best default parameters to the corresponding motor which are carefully adjusted by our engineers, users only need refer to the following table, specific condition and set the correct parameters.

Actual value = Set value \times the corresponding dimension

Mode	Definition	Range	Dime-	Drive	Default
Wiouc	Deminion	Kange	nsion	Restart	Value
			1181011	Restart	
P1	Current loop Kp	0-4000	1	Y	500
P2	Current loop Ki	0—1000	1	Y	100
P3	Damping coefficient	0—500	1	N	100
P4	Amplitude of first	0—100	1	N	0
	resonance point				
P5	Phase of first	0—100	1	N	0
	resonance point				
P6	Amplitude of	0—100	1	N	0
	second resonance				
	point				
P7	Phase of second	0—100	1	N	0
	resonance point				
P8	Anti-resonance	0—1000	1	N	0
	coefficient				
P9	Reserved				
P10	Enable signal level	0—1	1	N	1
P11	Edge of the pulse	0—1	1	N	1

P12	Reserved				
P13	Command Type	0—1	1	Y	0
P14	User-defined micro steps	4—1000	50	Y	0
P15	Time of standstill current	0—4000	1ms	N	1000
P16	Percentage of standstill current	0—100	1	Y	50
P17	Speed smoothness	0—10	1	Y	0
P18	Enable of position memory	0—1	1	Y	0
P19	User-defined resistance of motor	0—100	mh	Y	0
P20	User-defined inductance of motor	0—100	0.10hm	Y	0
P21	Result of position memory	0—128	1		0
P22	Time of enable position memory	0—100	1s	Y	5

There are total 22 parameter configurations, use the HISU to download the configured parameters to the drive, the detail descriptions to every parameter configuration are as follows:

Item	Description
Current loop Kp (P1) Current loop Ki (P2)	The P1 and P2 is used to set Kp and Ki of Current loop at the moment of power-on. When the motor is turning, the Kp and Ki is got by the Self-tuning algorithm.
Damping coefficient (P3)	This parameter is used to change the damping coefficient in case of the desired operating state is under resonance frequency. This parameter is useful in high speed.
Amp 1—2	2DM556 Driver provides robust anti-resonance control to stop the vibrations and maintain equilibrium.
Phase 1—2	Amp1 and Phase1 is Phase adjustment for 1st and Amplitude adjustment for 1st resonance area
(P4,P5,P6,P7)	respectively. Usually between 0.6rps and 1.2rps. Amp2 and Phase2 is Phase adjustment for 2nd and Amplitude adjustment for 2nd resonance area respectively. Usually between 1.2rps and 2.4rps.
Anti-resonance coefficient	This parameter is used for reducing resonance. Usually between 3rps and 4rps.

(P8)	
Enable signal	This parameter is set to control the Enable Input
level	signal level. 0 means low, while 1 means high.
(P10)	
Edge of the pulse	This parameter is set to choice the edge of the input
(P11)	pulse. 0 means rising edge, while 1 means falling
(111)	edge.
Command Type (P13)	This parameter is set to choice the PUL/DIR mode
	or CW/CCW mode. 0 means PUL/DIR mode, while
	means CW/CCW mode.
	This parameter is set of user-defined micro steps.
User-defined	The actual micro steps = the set value \times 50. For
micro steps	example, if the parameter is 4, the micro steps is 4
((P14)	\times 50 =800. But If this parameter is 0, which means
	micro steps is set by the outer DIP switches.
Time of	This parameter is set the time when the standstill
standstill current	current is set to be half of the selected dynamic
(P15)	current or other current.
Percentage of	This parameter is set the percentage of standstill
standstill current	current.

(P16)	
Speed smoothness (P17)	This parameter is set to control the smoothness of the speed of the motor while acceleration or deceleration, the larger the value, the smoother the speed in acceleration or deceleration.
	0 1 2 10
Enable of position memory (P18)	This parameter is set to enable the function of position memory. 0 means disable, while 1 means enable. If set 1, the 2DM556 can remember the position of motor in the next time of power on.
User-defined	This parameter is set the inductance of motor. 0
inductance of	means 2DM556 gets the inductance by control
motor	algorithm of Parameter auto-setup, while 1 means
(P19)	2DM556 gets the inductance through user sets.
User-defined	This parameter is set the resistance of motor. 0
resistance of	means 2DM556 gets the resistance by control
motor	algorithm of Parameter auto-setup, while 1 means

(P20)	2DM556 gets the resistance through user sets.
Result of	This parameter is set to control the smoothness of
position memory	Display the result of position memory
(P21)	
Time of enable	This parameter is set of the time when enable the
position memory	position memory. The time is mean the space of
(P22)	time to stop plus input.

11. Processing Methods to Common Problems and

Faults

11.1 Power on power light off

No power input, please check the power supply circuit. The voltage is too low.

11.2 Power on red alarm light on

- Please check the motor is connected with the drive.
- The stepper digital drive is over voltage or under voltage. Please lower or increase the input voltage.

11.4 After input pulse signal but the motor not running

- Please check the input pulse signal wires are connected in reliable way.
- Please make sure the input pulse mode is corresponding with the real input mode.
- The Driver is disabled.